

The State-Test Technique on Differential Attacks:

a 26-Round Attack on CRAFT and Other Applications

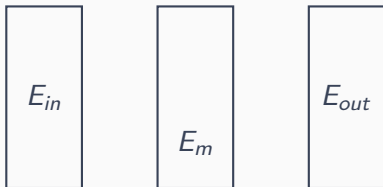
Dounia M'Foukh María Naya-Plasencia [Patrick Neumann](#)

Asiacrypt, December 10, 2025

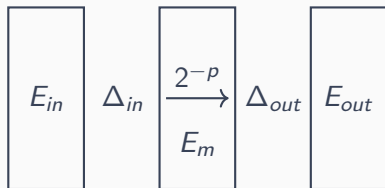
Inria Paris, France

The Inria logo, featuring the word "Inria" in a stylized, red, cursive script.

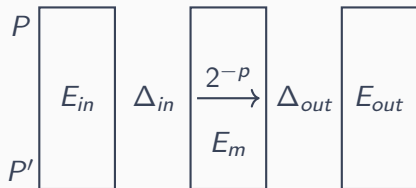
Key Recovery in Differential Attacks



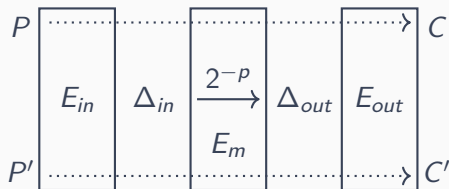
Key Recovery in Differential Attacks



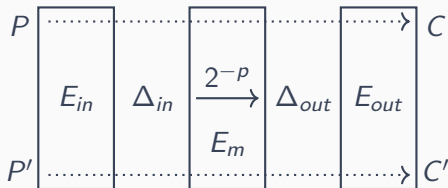
Key Recovery in Differential Attacks



Key Recovery in Differential Attacks

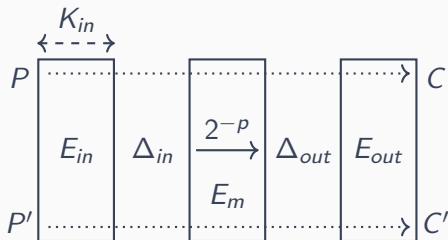


Key Recovery in Differential Attacks



Problem: efficiently generate tuples $(P, P', C, C', K_{in}, K_{out})$ with

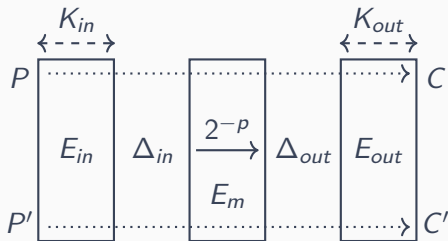
Key Recovery in Differential Attacks



Problem: efficiently generate tuples $(P, P', C, C', K_{in}, K_{out})$ with

- $E_{in}(P) + E_{in}(P') = \Delta_{in}$ using K_{in}

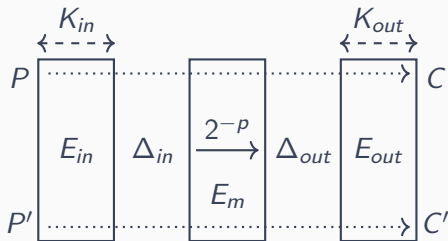
Key Recovery in Differential Attacks



Problem: efficiently generate tuples $(P, P', C, C', K_{in}, K_{out})$ with

- $E_{in}(P) + E_{in}(P') = \Delta_{in}$ using K_{in}
- $E_{out}^{-1}(C) + E_{out}^{-1}(C') = \Delta_{out}$ using K_{out}

Key Recovery in Differential Attacks

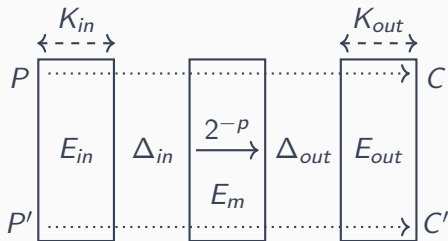


Problem: efficiently generate tuples $(P, P', C, C', K_{in}, K_{out})$ with

- $E_{in}(P) + E_{in}(P') = \Delta_{in}$ using K_{in}
- $E_{out}^{-1}(C) + E_{out}^{-1}(C') = \Delta_{out}$ using K_{out}

(Classical) Differential Attacks

Key Recovery in Differential Attacks



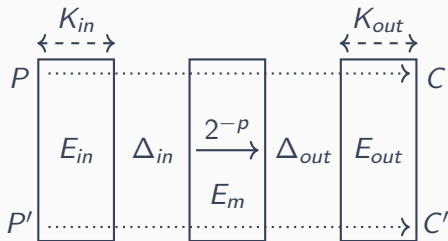
Problem: efficiently generate tuples $(P, P', C, C', K_{in}, K_{out})$ with

- $E_{in}(P) + E_{in}(P') = \Delta_{in}$ using K_{in}
- $E_{out}^{-1}(C) + E_{out}^{-1}(C') = \Delta_{out}$ using K_{out}

(Classical) Differential Attacks

1. Generate (P, P') that can lead to Δ_{in}

Key Recovery in Differential Attacks



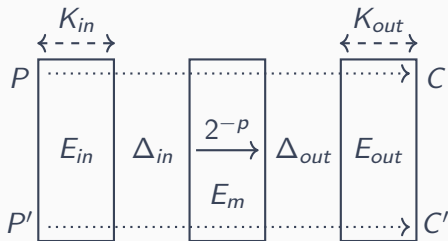
Problem: efficiently generate tuples $(P, P', C, C', K_{in}, K_{out})$ with

- $E_{in}(P) + E_{in}(P') = \Delta_{in}$ using K_{in}
- $E_{out}^{-1}(C) + E_{out}^{-1}(C') = \Delta_{out}$ using K_{out}

(Classical) Differential Attacks

1. Generate (P, P') that can lead to Δ_{in}
2. Encrypt and filter if (C, C') cannot lead to Δ_{out}

Key Recovery in Differential Attacks



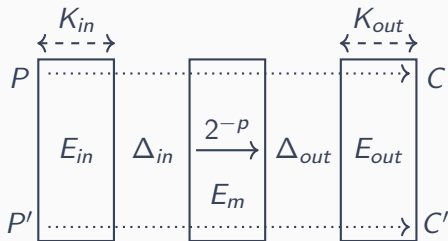
Problem: efficiently generate tuples $(P, P', C, C', K_{in}, K_{out})$ with

- $E_{in}(P) + E_{in}(P') = \Delta_{in}$ using K_{in}
- $E_{out}^{-1}(C) + E_{out}^{-1}(C') = \Delta_{out}$ using K_{out}

(Classical) Differential Attacks

1. Generate (P, P') that can lead to Δ_{in}
2. Encrypt and filter if (C, C') cannot lead to Δ_{out}
3. Verify Δ_{in} and Δ_{out} by guessing K_{in} and K_{out}

Key Recovery in Differential Attacks



Problem: efficiently generate tuples $(P, P', C, C', K_{in}, K_{out})$ with

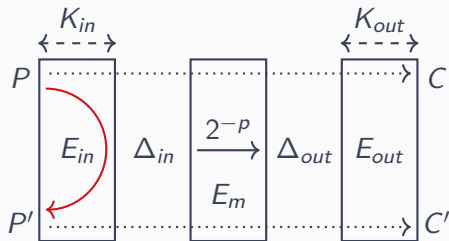
- $E_{in}(P) + E_{in}(P') = \Delta_{in}$ using K_{in}
- $E_{out}^{-1}(C) + E_{out}^{-1}(C') = \Delta_{out}$ using K_{out}

(Classical) Differential Attacks

1. Generate (P, P') that can lead to Δ_{in}
2. Encrypt and filter if (C, C') cannot lead to Δ_{out}
3. Verify Δ_{in} and Δ_{out} by guessing K_{in} and K_{out}

Differential MitM Attacks [BDDLNP23]

Key Recovery in Differential Attacks



Problem: efficiently generate tuples $(P, P', C, C', K_{in}, K_{out})$ with

- $E_{in}(P) + E_{in}(P') = \Delta_{in}$ using K_{in}
- $E_{out}^{-1}(C) + E_{out}^{-1}(C') = \Delta_{out}$ using K_{out}

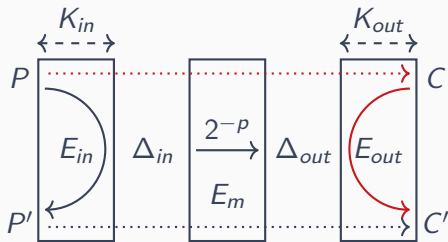
(Classical) Differential Attacks

1. Generate (P, P') that can lead to Δ_{in}
2. Encrypt and filter if (C, C') cannot lead to Δ_{out}
3. Verify Δ_{in} and Δ_{out} by guessing K_{in} and K_{out}

Differential MitM Attacks [BDDLNP23]

- 1.1. Guess K_{in} and compute P' based on P

Key Recovery in Differential Attacks



Problem: efficiently generate tuples $(P, P', C, C', K_{in}, K_{out})$ with

- $E_{in}(P) + E_{in}(P') = \Delta_{in}$ using K_{in}
- $E_{out}^{-1}(C) + E_{out}^{-1}(C') = \Delta_{out}$ using K_{out}

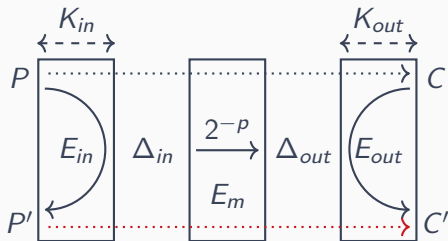
(Classical) Differential Attacks

1. Generate (P, P') that can lead to Δ_{in}
2. Encrypt and filter if (C, C') cannot lead to Δ_{out}
3. Verify Δ_{in} and Δ_{out} by guessing K_{in} and K_{out}

Differential MitM Attacks [BDDLNP23]

- 1.1. Guess K_{in} and compute P' based on P
- 1.2. Guess K_{out} and compute C' based on $C = E(P)$

Key Recovery in Differential Attacks



Problem: efficiently generate tuples $(P, P', C, C', K_{in}, K_{out})$ with

- $E_{in}(P) + E_{in}(P') = \Delta_{in}$ using K_{in}
- $E_{out}^{-1}(C) + E_{out}^{-1}(C') = \Delta_{out}$ using K_{out}

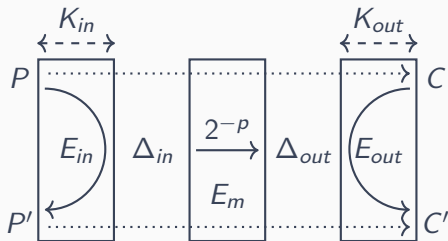
(Classical) Differential Attacks

1. Generate (P, P') that can lead to Δ_{in}
2. Encrypt and filter if (C, C') cannot lead to Δ_{out}
3. Verify Δ_{in} and Δ_{out} by guessing K_{in} and K_{out}

Differential MitM Attacks [BDDLNP23]

- 1.1. Guess K_{in} and compute P' based on P
- 1.2. Guess K_{out} and compute C' based on $C = E(P)$
2. Match on $E(P') \stackrel{?}{=} C'$

Key Recovery in Differential Attacks



Problem: efficiently generate tuples $(P, P', C, C', K_{in}, K_{out})$ with

- $E_{in}(P) + E_{in}(P') = \Delta_{in}$ using K_{in}
- $E_{out}^{-1}(C) + E_{out}^{-1}(C') = \Delta_{out}$ using K_{out}

(Classical) Differential Attacks

1. Generate (P, P') that can lead to Δ_{in}
2. Encrypt and filter if (C, C') cannot lead to Δ_{out}
3. Verify Δ_{in} and Δ_{out} by guessing K_{in} and K_{out}

Differential MitM Attacks [BDDLNP23]

- 1.1. Guess K_{in} and compute P' based on P
- 1.2. Guess K_{out} and compute C' based on $C = E(P)$
2. Match on $E(P') \stackrel{?}{=} C'$

- Reducing key guesses improves complexity of attack

State-Test Technique [BNPS14]

- Reducing key guesses improves complexity of attack
- Idea: guess part of the state instead of the key involved in its computation

State-Test Technique [BNPS14]

- Reducing key guesses improves complexity of attack
- Idea: guess part of the state instead of the key involved in its computation
- Example: $y = S(x_0 + k_0) + S(x_1 + k_1)$

State-Test Technique [BNPS14]

- Reducing key guesses improves complexity of attack
- Idea: guess part of the state instead of the key involved in its computation
- Example: $y = S(x_0 + k_0) + S(x_1 + k_1)$
 - A guess of y is more efficient than guessing k_0 and k_1

- Reducing key guesses improves complexity of attack
- Idea: guess part of the state instead of the key involved in its computation
- Example: $y = S(x_0 + k_0) + S(x_1 + k_1)$
 - A guess of y is more efficient than guessing k_0 and k_1
- Introduced in the context of impossible-differential Attacks [BNPS14]

- Reducing key guesses improves complexity of attack
- Idea: guess part of the state instead of the key involved in its computation
- Example: $y = S(x_0 + k_0) + S(x_1 + k_1)$
 - A guess of y is more efficient than guessing k_0 and k_1
- Introduced in the context of impossible-differential Attacks [BNPS14]
 - Needs state guesses to partition the keys

State-Test Technique [BNPS14]

- Reducing key guesses improves complexity of attack
- Idea: guess part of the state instead of the key involved in its computation
- Example: $y = S(x_0 + k_0) + S(x_1 + k_1)$
 - A guess of y is more efficient than guessing k_0 and k_1
- Introduced in the context of impossible-differential Attacks [BNPS14]
 - Needs state guesses to partition the keys
- Also used in the context of differential-MitM attacks [AKMMNP24]

State-Test Technique [BNPS14]

- Reducing key guesses improves complexity of attack
- Idea: guess part of the state instead of the key involved in its computation
- Example: $y = S(x_0 + k_0) + S(x_1 + k_1)$
 - A guess of y is more efficient than guessing k_0 and k_1
- Introduced in the context of impossible-differential Attacks [BNPS14]
 - Needs state guesses to partition the keys
- Also used in the context of differential-MitM attacks [AKMMNP24]
 - State guesses define non-linear equations in the key

State-Test Technique [BNPS14]

- Reducing key guesses improves complexity of attack
- Idea: guess part of the state instead of the key involved in its computation
- Example: $y = S(x_0 + k_0) + S(x_1 + k_1)$
 - A guess of y is more efficient than guessing k_0 and k_1
- Introduced in the context of impossible-differential Attacks [BNPS14]
 - Needs state guesses to partition the keys
- Also used in the context of differential-MitM attacks [AKMMNP24]
 - State guesses define non-linear equations in the key
 - Solving them allows to recover more key material

State-Test Technique in Differential & Differential-Linear Attacks

State-Test Technique in Differential & Differential-Linear Attacks

- With counter

State-Test Technique in Differential & Differential-Linear Attacks

- With counter
 - If part of counter: need to partition the key (*cf.* impossible differential)

State-Test Technique in Differential & Differential-Linear Attacks

- With counter
 - If part of counter: need to partition the key (*cf.* impossible differential)
 - If *not* part of counter: yield over-define system of equations

State-Test Technique in Differential & Differential-Linear Attacks

- With counter
 - If part of counter: need to partition the key (*cf.* impossible differential)
 - If *not* part of counter: yield over-define system of equations
 - Additional filtering & more key material recovered (*cf.* differential MitM)

State-Test Technique in Differential & Differential-Linear Attacks

- With counter
 - If part of counter: need to partition the key (*cf.* impossible differential)
 - If *not* part of counter: yield over-define system of equations
 - Additional filtering & more key material recovered (*cf.* differential MitM)
- Without counter: similar to differential MitM attacks

State-Test Technique in Differential & Differential-Linear Attacks

- With counter
 - If part of counter: need to partition the key (*cf.* impossible differential)
 - If *not* part of counter: yield over-define system of equations
 - Additional filtering & more key material recovered (*cf.* differential MitM)
- Without counter: similar to differential MitM attacks
- Improve best known attack on Pride

State-Test Technique in Differential & Differential-Linear Attacks

- With counter
 - If part of counter: need to partition the key (*cf.* impossible differential)
 - If *not* part of counter: yield over-define system of equations
 - Additional filtering & more key material recovered (*cf.* differential MitM)
- Without counter: similar to differential MitM attacks
- Improve best known attack on Pride

Insights into the Applicability of the State-Test Technique

State-Test Technique in Differential & Differential-Linear Attacks

- With counter
 - If part of counter: need to partition the key (*cf.* impossible differential)
 - If *not* part of counter: yield over-define system of equations
 - Additional filtering & more key material recovered (*cf.* differential MitM)
- Without counter: similar to differential MitM attacks
- Improve best known attack on Pride

Insights into the Applicability of the State-Test Technique

First Attacks on 24 to 26 Rounds of CRAFT

State-Test Technique in Differential & Differential-Linear Attacks

- With counter
 - If part of counter: need to partition the key (*cf.* impossible differential)
 - If *not* part of counter: yield over-define system of equations
 - Additional filtering & more key material recovered (*cf.* differential MitM)
- Without counter: similar to differential MitM attacks
- Improve best known attack on Pride

Insights into the Applicability of the State-Test Technique

First Attacks on 24 to 26 Rounds of CRAFT

The Tweakable Block Cipher Craft [BLMR19]

- 64 bit state, represented as a 4×4 matrix, and 128 bit key (K_0, K_1)

The Tweakable Block Cipher Craft [BLMR19]

- 64 bit state, represented as a 4×4 matrix, and 128 bit key (K_0, K_1)



The Tweakable Block Cipher Craft [BLMR19]

- 64 bit state, represented as a 4×4 matrix, and 128 bit key (K_0, K_1)



Mix Columns

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

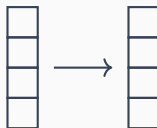
The Tweakable Block Cipher Craft [BLMR19]

- 64 bit state, represented as a 4×4 matrix, and 128 bit key (K_0, K_1)



Mix Columns

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



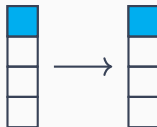
The Tweakable Block Cipher Craft [BLMR19]

- 64 bit state, represented as a 4×4 matrix, and 128 bit key (K_0, K_1)



Mix Columns

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



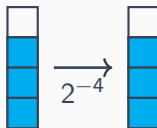
The Tweakable Block Cipher Craft [BLMR19]

- 64 bit state, represented as a 4×4 matrix, and 128 bit key (K_0, K_1)



Mix Columns

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



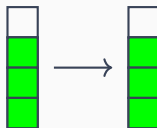
The Tweakable Block Cipher Craft [BLMR19]

- 64 bit state, represented as a 4×4 matrix, and 128 bit key (K_0, K_1)



Mix Columns

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



The Tweakable Block Cipher Craft [BLMR19]

- 64 bit state, represented as a 4×4 matrix, and 128 bit key (K_0, K_1)



Mix Columns

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



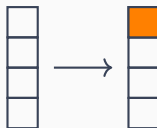
The Tweakable Block Cipher Craft [BLMR19]

- 64 bit state, represented as a 4×4 matrix, and 128 bit key (K_0, K_1)



Mix Columns

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$



The Tweakable Block Cipher Craft [BLMR19]

- 64 bit state, represented as a 4×4 matrix, and 128 bit key (K_0, K_1)



Key Addition

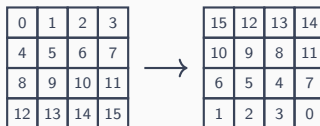
Add $K_{i \bmod 2}$ in round i

The Tweakable Block Cipher Craft [BLMR19]

- 64 bit state, represented as a 4×4 matrix, and 128 bit key (K_0, K_1)



Permute Nibbles

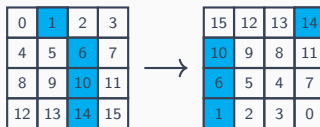


The Tweakable Block Cipher Craft [BLMR19]

- 64 bit state, represented as a 4×4 matrix, and 128 bit key (K_0, K_1)



Permute Nibbles

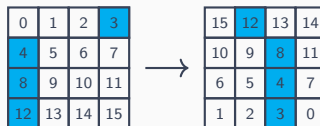


The Tweakable Block Cipher Craft [BLMR19]

- 64 bit state, represented as a 4×4 matrix, and 128 bit key (K_0, K_1)



Permute Nibbles



The Tweakable Block Cipher Craft [BLMR19]

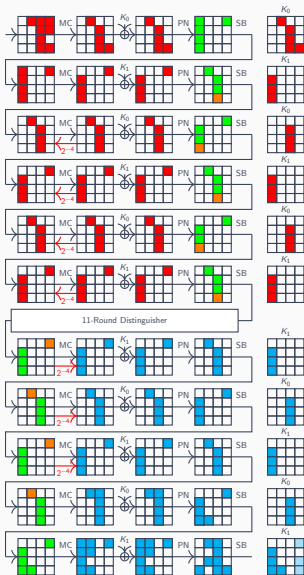
- 64 bit state, represented as a 4×4 matrix, and 128 bit key (K_0, K_1)



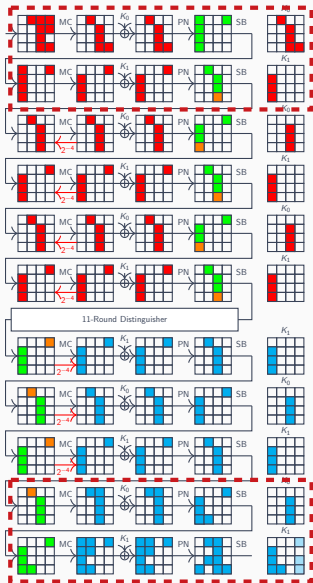
S-Box Layer

Apply s-box to all cells

Differential Meet-in-the-Middle Attack on 23-Rounds [AKMMNP24]

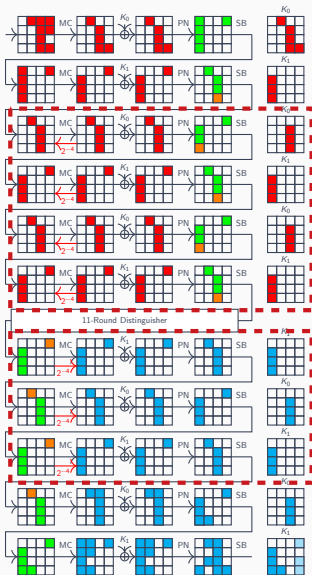


Differential Meet-in-the-Middle Attack on 23-Rounds [AKMMNP24]

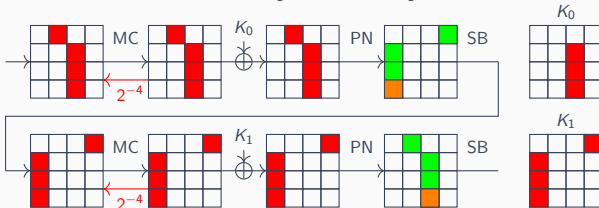


Deterministic Extension

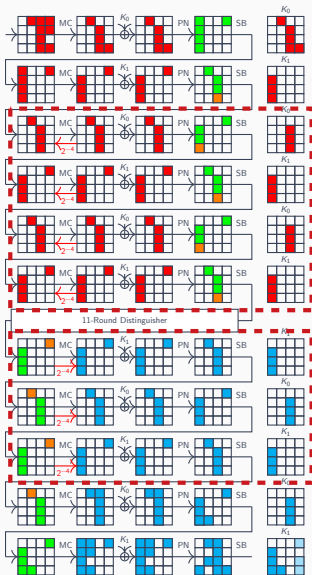
Differential Meet-in-the-Middle Attack on 23-Rounds [AKMMNP24]



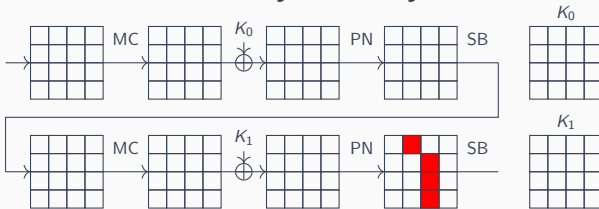
Probabilistic Key Recovery



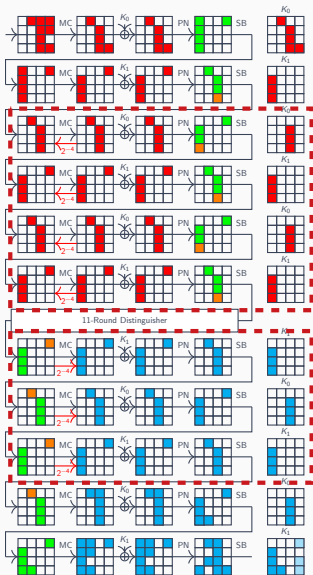
Differential Meet-in-the-Middle Attack on 23-Rounds [AKMMNP24]



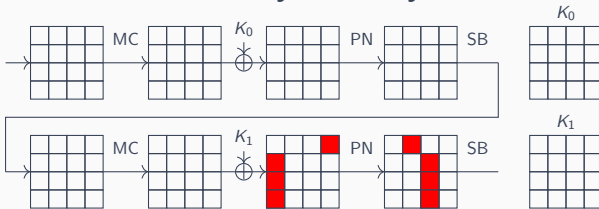
Probabilistic Key Recovery



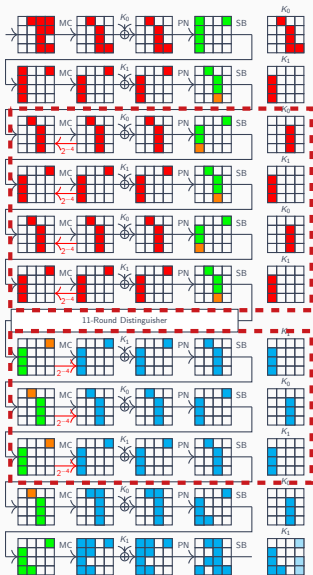
Differential Meet-in-the-Middle Attack on 23-Rounds [AKMMNP24]



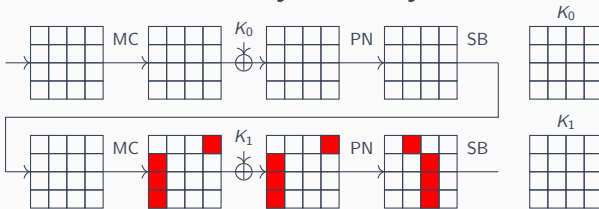
Probabilistic Key Recovery



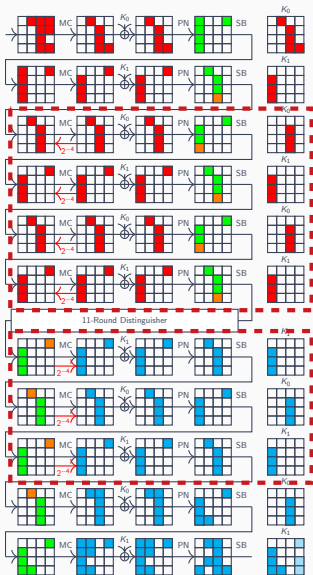
Differential Meet-in-the-Middle Attack on 23-Rounds [AKMMNP24]



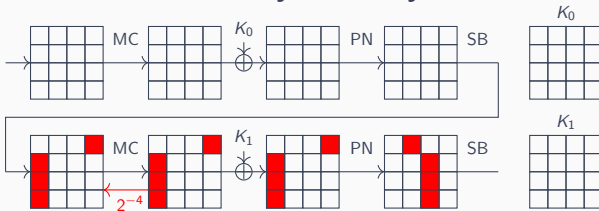
Probabilistic Key Recovery



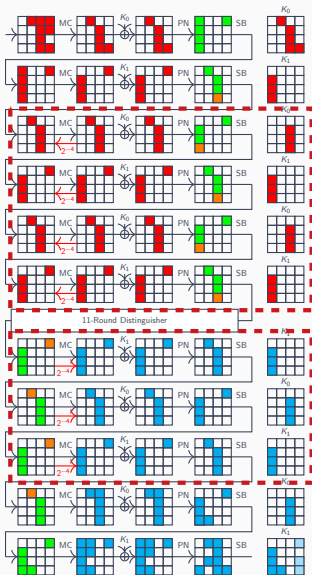
Differential Meet-in-the-Middle Attack on 23-Rounds [AKMMNP24]



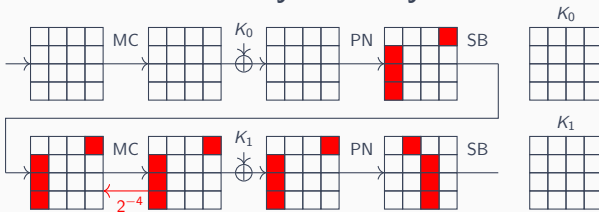
Probabilistic Key Recovery



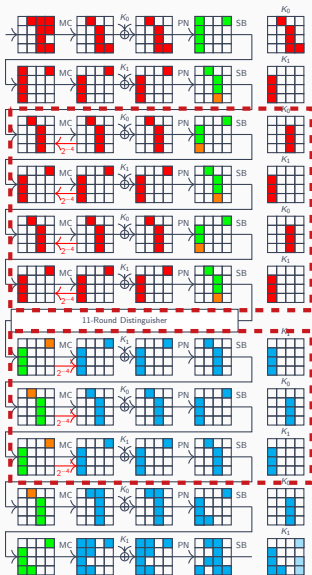
Differential Meet-in-the-Middle Attack on 23-Rounds [AKMMNP24]



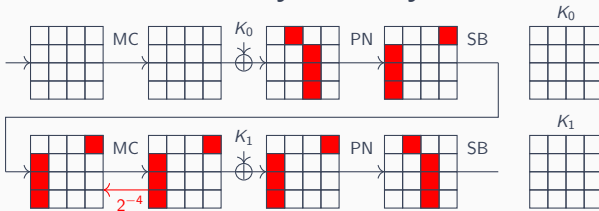
Probabilistic Key Recovery



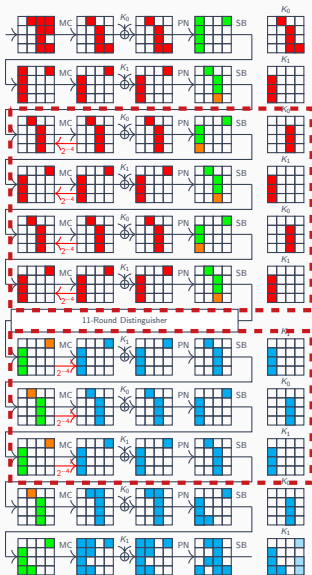
Differential Meet-in-the-Middle Attack on 23-Rounds [AKMMNP24]



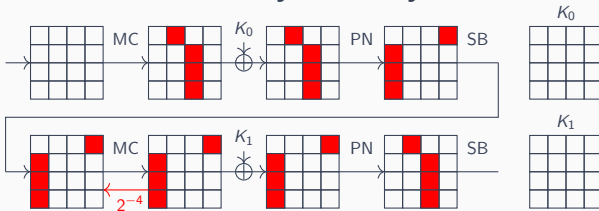
Probabilistic Key Recovery



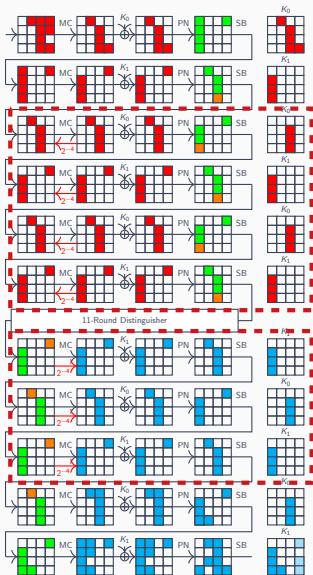
Differential Meet-in-the-Middle Attack on 23-Rounds [AKMMNP24]



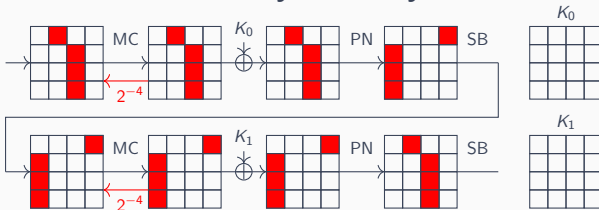
Probabilistic Key Recovery



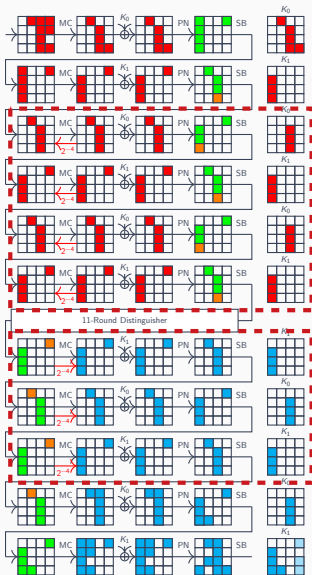
Differential Meet-in-the-Middle Attack on 23-Rounds [AKMMNP24]



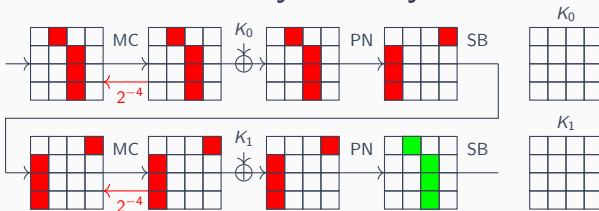
Probabilistic Key Recovery



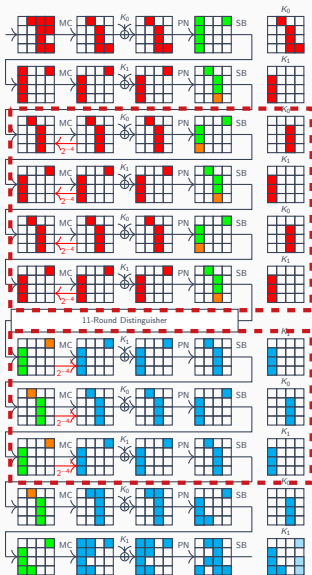
Differential Meet-in-the-Middle Attack on 23-Rounds [AKMMNP24]



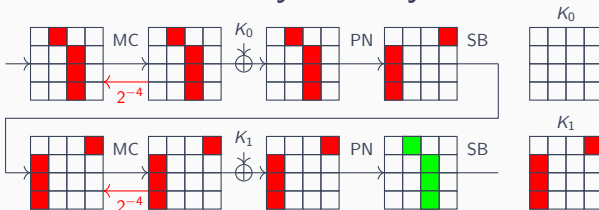
Probabilistic Key Recovery



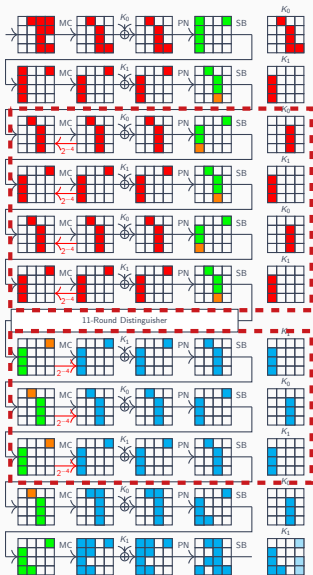
Differential Meet-in-the-Middle Attack on 23-Rounds [AKMMNP24]



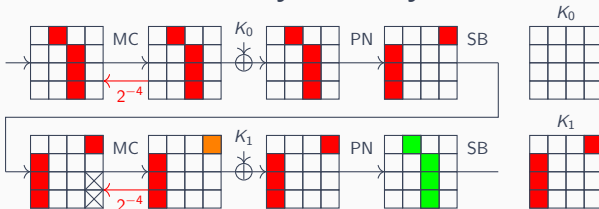
Probabilistic Key Recovery



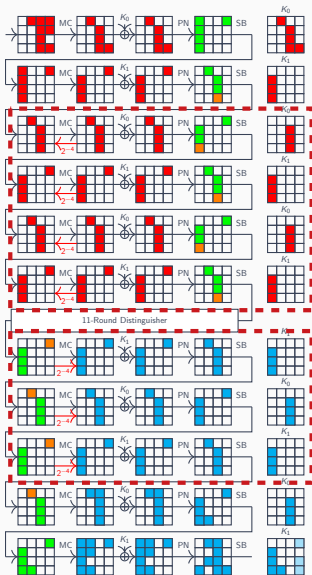
Differential Meet-in-the-Middle Attack on 23-Rounds [AKMMNP24]



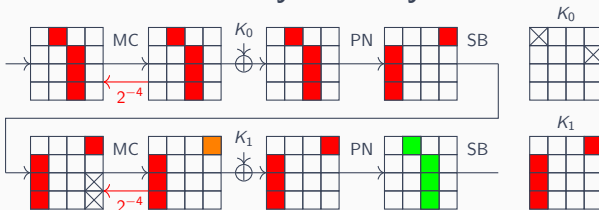
Probabilistic Key Recovery



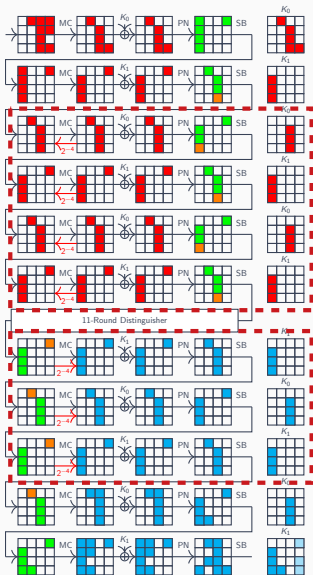
Differential Meet-in-the-Middle Attack on 23-Rounds [AKMMNP24]



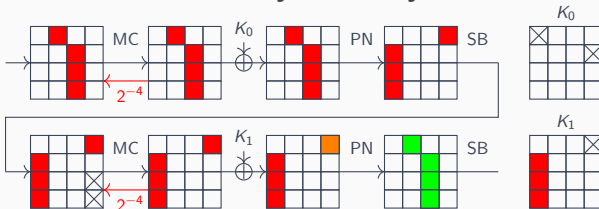
Probabilistic Key Recovery



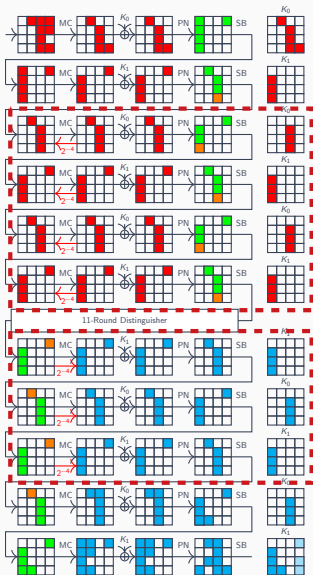
Differential Meet-in-the-Middle Attack on 23-Rounds [AKMMNP24]



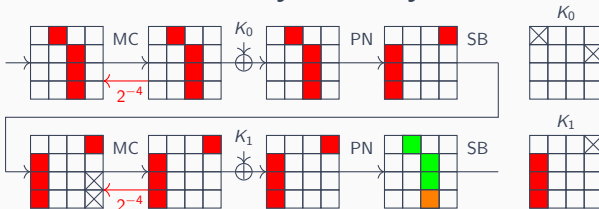
Probabilistic Key Recovery



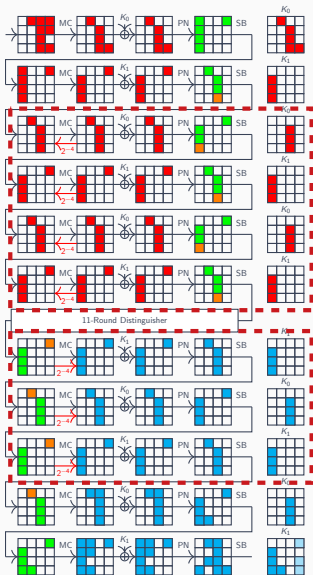
Differential Meet-in-the-Middle Attack on 23-Rounds [AKMMNP24]



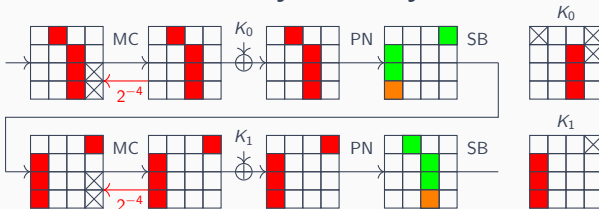
Probabilistic Key Recovery



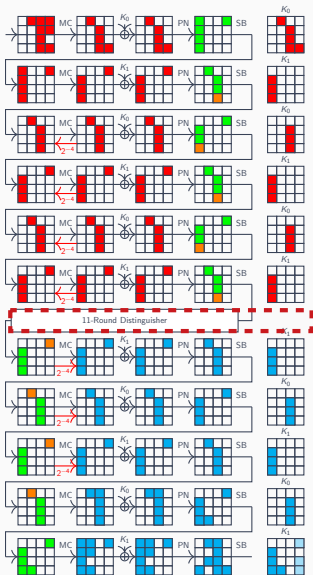
Differential Meet-in-the-Middle Attack on 23-Rounds [AKMMNP24]



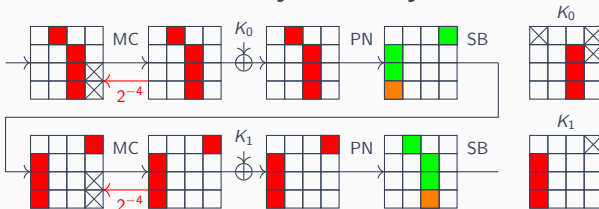
Probabilistic Key Recovery



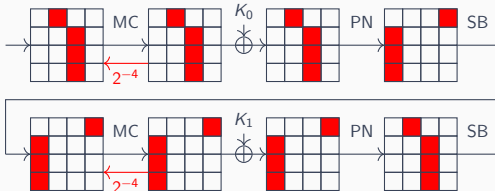
Differential Meet-in-the-Middle Attack on 23-Rounds [AKMMNP24]



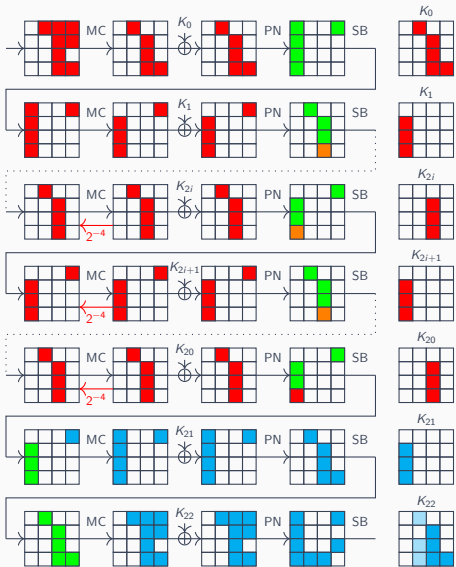
Probabilistic Key Recovery



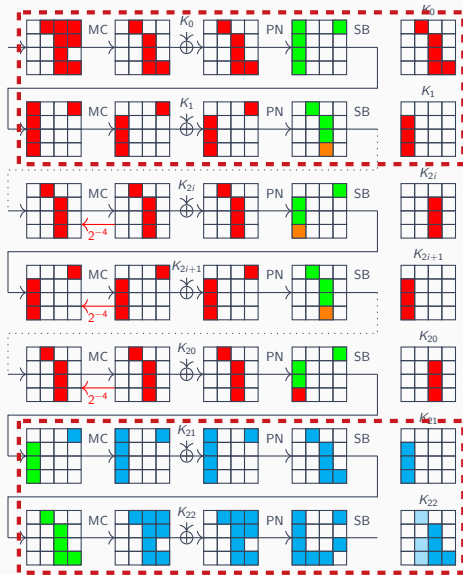
Truncated-Differential Characteristic



Our Attack

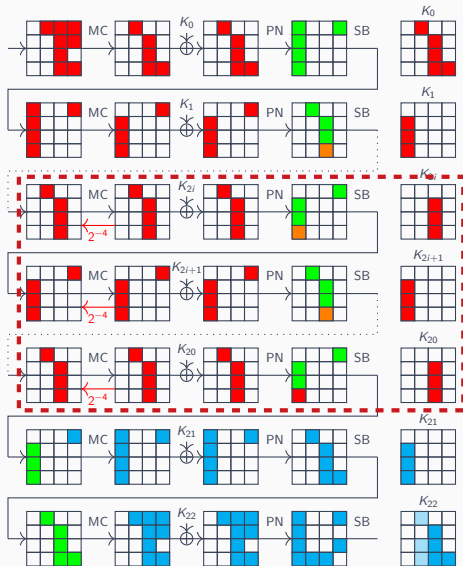


Our Attack



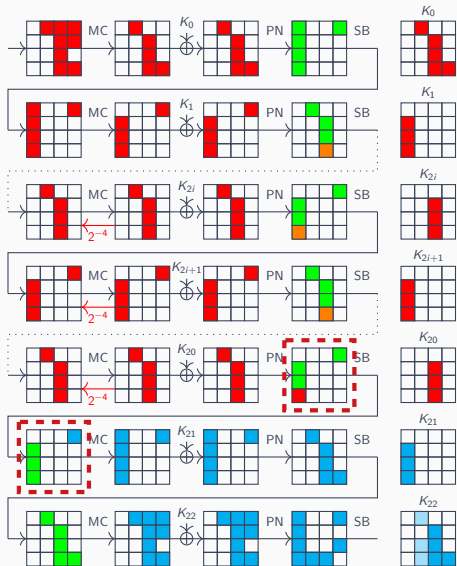
Deterministic Extension

Our Attack



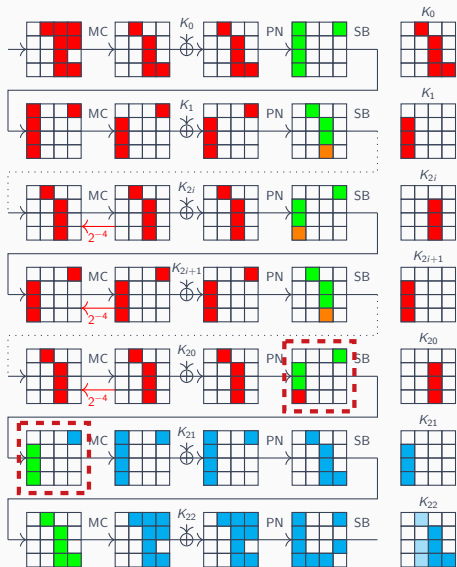
← Probabilistic Key Recovery

Our Attack



Zero-Round Distinguisher

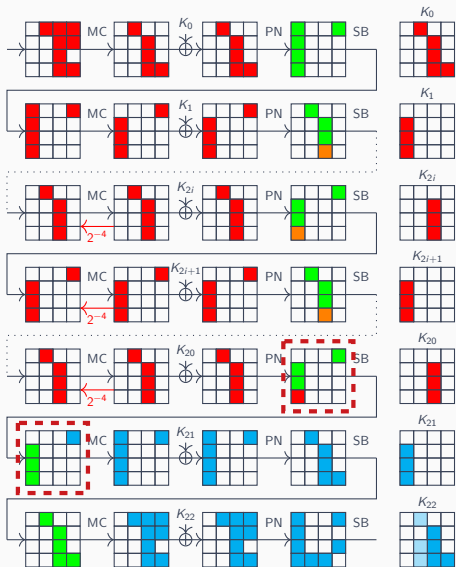
Our Attack



Zero-Round Distinguisher

Compute same cells from both sides

Our Attack

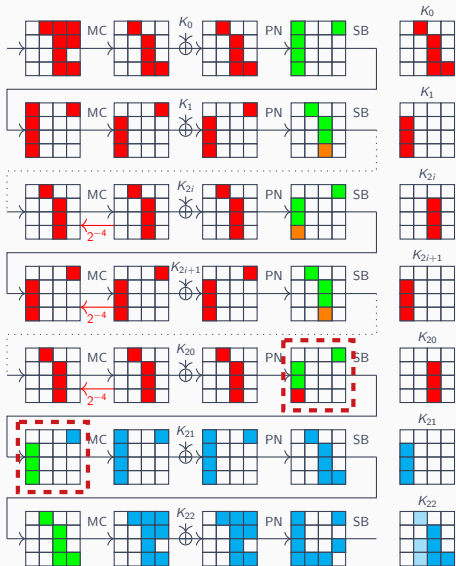


Zero-Round Distinguisher

Compute same cells from both sides

→ Use as additional filter

Our Attack



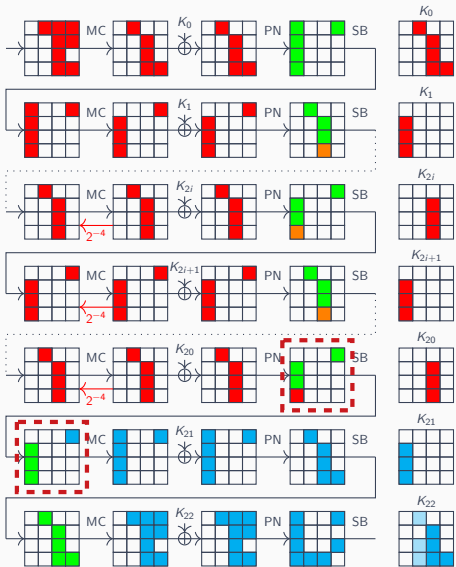
Zero-Round Distinguisher

Compute same cells from both sides

→ Use as additional filter

Two-Round Structure

Our Attack



Zero-Round Distinguisher

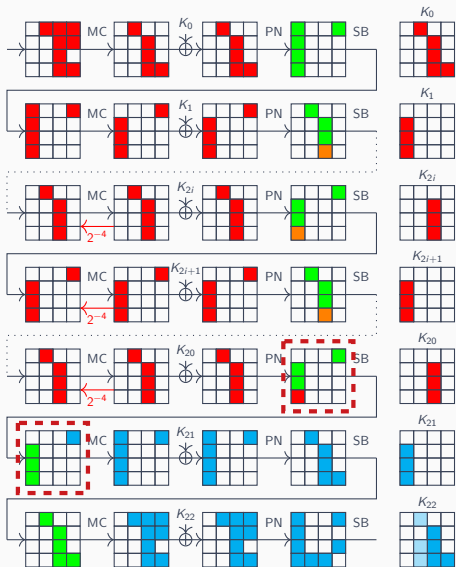
Compute same cells from both sides

→ Use as additional filter

Two-Round Structure

One-round structure in [AKMMNP24]

Our Attack



Zero-Round Distinguisher

Compute same cells from both sides

→ Use as additional filter

Two-Round Structure

One-round structure in [AKMMNP24]

Details in the paper

Comparison with Prior Work

Cipher	Rounds	Time	Memory	Data	Attack	Ref.
CRAFT	23	2^{125}	2^{101}	2^{60}	TD-MitM	[AKMMNP24]
		$2^{111.46}$	2^{120}	$2^{60.99}$	D	[SYCHW24]
		2^{109}	2^{36}	2^{58}	TD-MitM	This Work
	24	2^{110}	2^{34}	2^{60}	TD-MitM	This Work
	25	$2^{117.58}$	2^{48}	2^{60}	TD-MitM	This Work
	26	2^{118}	2^{34}	2^{64}	TD-MitM	This Work

D: Differential

TD-MitM: Truncated Differential MitM

Comparison with Prior Work

Cipher	Rounds	Time	Memory	Data	Attack	Ref.
CRAFT	23	2^{125}	2^{101}	2^{60}	TD-MitM	[AKMMNP24]
		$2^{111.46}$	2^{120}	$2^{60.99}$	D	[SYCHW24]
		2^{109}	2^{36}	2^{58}	TD-MitM	This Work
	24	2^{110}	2^{34}	2^{60}	TD-MitM	This Work
	25	$2^{117.58}$	2^{48}	2^{60}	TD-MitM	This Work
	26	2^{118}	2^{34}	2^{64}	TD-MitM	This Work

D: Differential

TD-MitM: Truncated Differential MitM

Thank you for your attention!